WHAT TO KNOW ABOUT SCPHD's COVID-19 RISK LEVELS:

- The risk levels may be applied at the town, city, county, geographic, or regional level.
- Different areas of SCPHD's region may be at different risk levels. Risk levels can increase
 or decrease.
- In ALL risk levels, the preventive measures outlined in the Minimal Risk Level should be followed. *Always prepare for the next risk level*.
- In addition to metrics determining exposure risk, public health officials will closely monitor and may take into consideration for movement to a different risk level the following:
 - Input from hospital partners
 - Trends in COVID-19 testing, including positivity rate and turn-around time of test results
 - Supplies of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for healthcare providers/first responders
 - Epidemiological investigation capacity
 - COVID-related hospitalizations and deaths
 - Syndromic surveillance of emergency department visits with COVID-like symptoms





Metric Definitions and weight for each metric



Positivity Rate for the County

Data is provided by Idaho Health and Welfare. This category is used mostly for context and has the least weight in the final assessment.

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents.

This category reflects the trending case number on a rolling 14 day average. It indicates public health's ability to keep up with investigation and contact tracing for new cases. This category has less weight than hospital capacity and more weight than the positivity rate.

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients. This category has the most weight in the decision making for the final assessment.

Hospital capacity includes available staffing, available beds, available personal protective equipment, and other factors that may impact their ability to respond to medical emergencies. The final assigned capacity is determined by the local hospital in each county.

Other Epidemiological Factors

These factors indicate public health risk. These may include SIGNIFICANT outbreaks (outbreaks that are not controlled) in healthcare centers, schools, congregate living facilities, etc. They may also include case surges that overwhelm investigation efforts.

If SCPHD identifies any concerning factors, this category will have similar weight to the hospital capacity level.

Blaine County

Risk level: NA

Blaine County has adopted a new plan that is focused on preventing new cases instead of mitigating current cases. This plan is more stringent, following the guidance of the Harvard Global Health Institute's Key Metrics for COVID Suppression.

Please refer to Blaine County's website for latest data, the assessment, and the plan.



Please see the Blaine County assessment

Positivity Rate for the County
Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

Please see the Blaine County assessment

Average New Cases **Per 100,000 residents** based on a 14 day rolling average.

Please see the Blaine County assessment

NEW CASES BY AGE 0-10 11-13 14-17 18-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69 70+ 0 2.5 5 7.5 10 Using data from September 27th-October 3rd

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients.

Please see the Blaine County assessment

Other Epidemiological Factors

These factors indicate public health risk. These may include SIGNIFICANT outbreaks (outbreaks that are not controlled) in healthcare centers, schools, congregate living facilities, etc. They may also include case surges that overwhelm investigation efforts.

Camas County

Risk level: HIGH

Camas County's average new case is still in the high risk tier. They do not have a hospital in their county but the regional hospital has high impact. The county has adopted several recommended methods to help prevent future spread. The positivity rate is in the minimal risk tier, but this metric has the least weight in the overall assessment.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is high.

South Central Public Health District
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Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

0%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

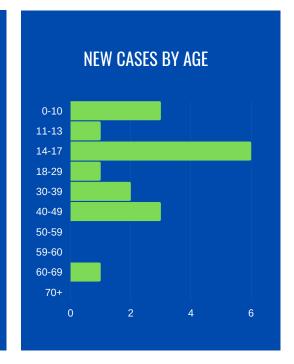
10.93

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

No Specific Hospital

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients.



None

Other Epidemiological Factors

The county has adopted several recommended methods to help prevent future spread.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

AT ORANGE LEVELS, COMMUNITY SPREAD HAS ACCELERATED. SCPHD <u>OR</u> COMMUNITIES <u>MAY</u> INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Cassia County

Risk level: High

Cassia County's case rate is in the critical tier, but the case rate has been inflated by two controlled outbreaks in long term care faciltiies. The hospital has high impact. The positivity rate is also in the critical risk tier, but this metric has the least weight in the overall assessment.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is high.



Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

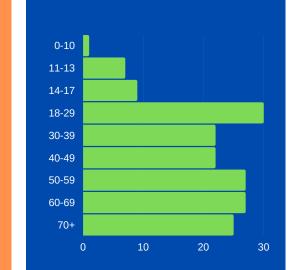
21.53%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

5.08

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

High



NEW CASES BY AGE

Hospital Capacity

Impact on the local and regional level is high.

Moderate

Other Epidemiological Factors

SCPHD is monitoring two controlled outbreaks in long term care facilities.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

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- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Gooding County

Risk level: High

Gooding County's case rate is in the moderate tier and there are no special circumstances inflating that number. Impact on the local and regional hospital level is high. SCPHD is also monitoring one controlled outbreak in a long term care facility. The positivity rate is in the critical risk tier, but this metric has the least weight in the overall assessment.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is high.



Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

26.14%

Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

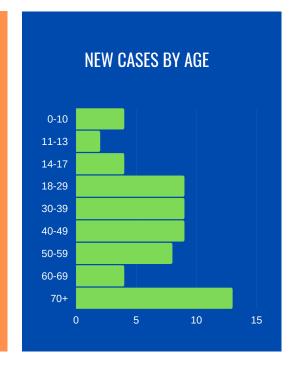
2.91

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

High



Impact on the local and regional level is high.



Moderate

Other Epidemiological Factors

SCPHD is monitoring a controlled outbreak in one long term care facility.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

AT ORANGE LEVELS, COMMUNITY SPREAD HAS ACCELERATED. SCPHD <u>OR</u> COMMUNITIES <u>MAY</u> INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Jerome County

Risk level: High

Jerome County's case rate is high in the moderate tier and trending upward. Impact on the local and regional hospital level is high. SCPHD is monitoring one outbreak in a long term care facility and a cluster in a local school. The positivity rate is also in the high risk tier.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is high.

South Central Public Health District

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Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

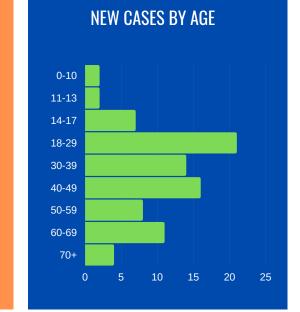
14.06%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

2.49

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

High



Hospital Capacity

Impact on the local and regional level is high.

Moderate

Other Epidemiological Factors

SCPHD is monitoring one controlled outbreak in a local long term care facility and a cluster in a local school. Case rate is trending upward.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

AT ORANGE LEVELS, COMMUNITY SPREAD HAS ACCELERATED. SCPHD <u>OR</u> COMMUNITIES <u>MAY</u> INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Lincoln County

Risk level: MODERATE

Lincoln County's case rate is in the moderate risk tier and there are no special circumstances inflating that number. The county does not have a local hospital but all surrounding hospitals are highly impacted. The positivity rate is in the high risk tier. The county is not experiencing any active outbreak in a local long term care facilities.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is moderate.

South Central Public Health District

Prevent. Promote. Protect. phd5.idaho.gov

Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

14.29%

Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

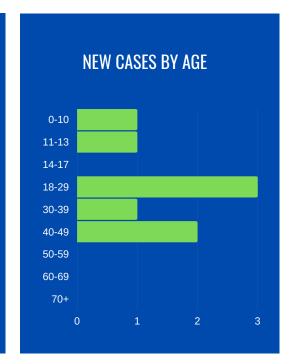
1.07

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

No Specific Hospital

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients.



None

Other Epidemiological Factors

These factors indicate public health risk. These may include SIGNIFICANT outbreaks (outbreaks that are not controlled) in healthcare centers, schools, congregate living facilities, etc. They may also include case surges that overwhelm investigation efforts.

RISK LEVEL	10				
MODERATE					
RATE					
10DEF ISK					

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MITIGATION STRATEGIES

1. NEW DAILY CASES IS BETWEEN 1 to 2.5 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN

DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)

2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 5% to 10%

OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 80%
 - STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

AT YELLOW LEVELS, THERE MAY BE SPORADIC IMPORTED CASES, AN UPTICK IN CLOSE CONTACT TRANSMISSION, OR ISOLATED CLUSTER OUTBREAKS. SCPHD OR COMMUNITIES MAY INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Limitations on mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 150 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Required face coverings in public settings
- Extra precautions for vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking where possible and feasible with business operations
- Minimize of non-essential travel
- Strict policies for staff and visitors to avoid potential outbreaks in congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.)
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of <u>Idaho Back to School</u> <u>Framework 2020</u>

These factors indicate public health risk. These may include SIGNIFICANT outbreaks (outbreaks that are not controlled) in healthcare centers, schools, congregate living facilities, etc. They may also include case surges that overwhelm investigation efforts.

Minidoka County

Risk level: High

Minidoka County's average new case rate is in the high risk tier with no special circumstances inflating that number. SCPHD is still monitoring one local outbreak that is contained. Impact on the local and regional hospitals is high. The positivity rate is in the critical risk tier, but this metric has the least weight in the overall assessment.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is moderate.



Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

25.89%

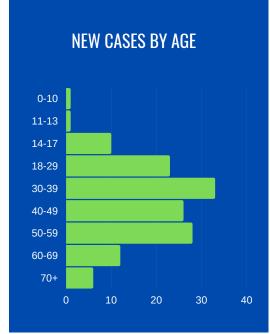
Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

4.75

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

High





Moderate

Other Epidemiological Factors

SCPHD is monitoring one long term care facility with an outbreak that is contained to the facility.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

AT ORANGE LEVELS, COMMUNITY SPREAD HAS ACCELERATED. SCPHD <u>OR</u> COMMUNITIES <u>MAY</u> INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Twin Falls County

Risk level: High

The new cases number for Twin Falls is high on the moderate tier and that number is trending upward. Eight local long term care facilities are experiencing an outbreak. SCPHD is also monitoring cases or clusters in multiple local school districts. Impact on the local and regional hospitals is high. The positivity rate is in the moderate risk tier.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is high.



Using data from September 20th-October 3rd

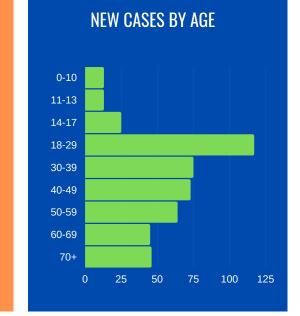
13.90%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

2.08

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a 14 day rolling average.

High



Hospital Capacity

Impact on the local and regional level is high.

High

Other Epidemiological Factors

SCPHD is monitoring eight long term care facilities with active and confirmed cases including one significant outbreak. Investigating cases and clusters in multiple school districts across the county. Case number is trending upwards.

- NEW CASES DAILY IS BETWEEN 2.5 to 5
 PER 10,000 POPULATION (FOURTEEN
 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE)
- 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 11% to 20%

AND/OR

- 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)
 - BED CAPACITY REACHES 85%
 - SIGNIFICANT STAFFING AND RESOURCE SHORTAGES

OR

- 4. SIGNIFICANT OUTBREAK(S)
 OCCURRING AT:
- Hospitals/Healthcare Providers/EMS
- Critical Infrastructure Services (fire, law enforcement, utilities, solid waste etc.)
- Congregate Living Facilities (assisted living facilities, nursing homes, correctional facilities)
- Schools/institutions of higher learning
- Mass gatherings/events that limit public health's ability to conduct contact tracing

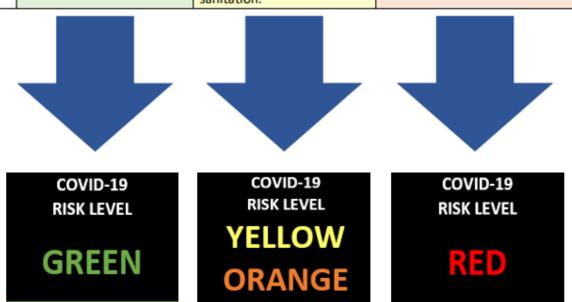
AT ORANGE LEVELS, COMMUNITY SPREAD HAS ACCELERATED. SCPHD <u>OR</u> COMMUNITIES <u>MAY</u> INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Increase education, information sharing, and messaging
- Required use of face coverings
- Limitations of mass gatherings (recommend 1 person per 64 sq. ft. of space) or limit to 50 people if appropriate physical distancing can be maintained
- Limited travel/visitors to the region as well as travel within the state to areas with high rates of spread (encourage 14-day self-quarantine)
- Self-isolation of vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions)
- Teleworking for those who are able
- Extra precautions for employees of congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) and close facility to visitors
- Delivery/curb-side service for businesses, including food establishments
- Closures of bars and nightclubs
- Reduced occupancy in places of business and public buildings
- Virtual services for place of worship where possible
- Discontinuation youth and adult sports/activities in which physical distancing is not possible
- Industry-specific measures/restrictions/closures
- Schools should implement strategies in response to these guidelines and those of the Idaho Back to School Framework 2020

Crosswalk for Schools

<u>Idaho Back to School Framework</u> has identified three categories for determining transmission risk (table below). To assist schools located in the six-county region, South Central Public Health District has cross-walked the Idaho Back to School Framework with the COVID-19 Risk Level advisory system.

"Identify Level of Transmission Risk"						
	Category 1: No Community	Category 2: Minimal to Moderate	Category 3: Substantial Community			
	Transmission	Community Transmission	Transmission			
Definitions	Evidence of isolated cases, case investigations underway, no evidence of exposure in large communal setting, e.g., healthcare facility, school, mass gathering.	Widespread and/or sustained transmission with high likelihood or confirmed exposure within communal settings, with potential for rapid increase in suspected cases.	Large-scale community transmission, healthcare staffing significantly impacted, multiple cases within communal settings like healthcare facilities, schools, mass gatherings, etc.			
Level of Operations	School buildings open with physical distancing and sanitation.	School buildings open but option of limited/staggered use of school buildings with physical distancing and sanitation.	Targeted, short-term, or extended building closure.			



DEFINITIONS

CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE:

Guidance to help guide ethical decision-making for how to triage medical care when it has to be rationed.

Plan can be found on the <u>Idaho Department of Health</u> and Welfare's website.

MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY:

Medical surge capacity refers to the ability to evaluate and care for a markedly increased volume of patients—one that challenges or exceeds normal operating capacity. The surge requirements may extend beyond direct patient care to include such tasks as extensive laboratory studies or epidemiological investigations.

Source

TIMELINE FOR MEASUREMENTS

Data to support the corresponding Health Risk Level and any related mitigation strategies will be posted each Thursday by 5 pm.

Health Risk Levels will be made on Thursdays based on the prior two weeks starting on a Sunday and ending on a Saturday. Movement from one risk level to a lesser risk level will occur at 14-day intervals (one incubation period for COVID-19), while advancement to a level of higher risk can occur at any time.

MOVEMENT BETWEEN RISK LEVELS

Determinations to move to a more restrictive risk level may be made mid-stage if any of the criteria below are met:

- Crisis standards of care are implemented
- Senior leadership at a local hospital indicates that further increases in cases in the community will overwhelm local hospital capacity
- Reported cases exceed > 5 daily new cases per 10,000 people in a defined population (e.g., town, city, or county) or if new case rate adversely impacts SCPHD's ability to respond.